When baking a potato (white or sweet) in the oven, I find they come out much more uniformly cooked if I stick aluminum rods into the potato. (You can buy such rods in any kitchen supply store.)Why do you think this works?

- A. Because the aluminum has a much higher specific heat than the potato and so it holds a lot of thermal energy.
- B. Because the aluminum has a much lower specific heat than the potato and so it lets the potato have most of the thermal energy.
- C. Because the aluminum has a much higher thermal conductivity than the potato so putting the rods in brings the thermal energy into the center of the potato more quickly so it cooks more uniformly.
- D. Some other reason.





When I bake a sweet potato in the oven, I always put it on a thin sheet of aluminum foil. This is because sometimes the potato exudes a sugary juice that burns and makes a hard-to-clean-up mess if it drips on the bottom of the oven. When I'm ready to take the potato out of the hot (400° F) oven after an hour of cooking, I find I can pick up the aluminum foil with my bare hands without getting burned. Why do you think this is so?

- A. Because the aluminum foil has a high specific heat so that it holds on to most of the thermal energy.
- B. Because the aluminum foil has a low specific heat and not much mass, so even at a high temperature it doesn't have a lot of thermal energy in it to burn me.
- C. Because the aluminum foil has a low thermal conductivity so that although the foil is hot, the heat doesn't flow into my hand.

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D. Because the aluminum foil doesn't get hot in the oven, even though the oven is at a high temperature.

E^{2/9/}Some other reason.





An inflated balloon is place in a vacuum chamber and some of the air removed. The balloon grows substantially in size. What happened to the energies of the air inside the balloon?



	$\Delta U_{ m internal}$	<i>Q</i> (heat absorbed BY the system)	W (work done BY the system)
1	> 0	0	< 0
2	< 0	0	> 0
3	0	> 0	> 0
4	> 0	> 0	0
5	< 0	> 0	> 0
6	0	< 0	> 0
7	> 0	< 0	< 0
8	< 0	< 0	> 0
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