

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

COLLEGE PARK , MARYLAND 20742

PHYSICS 732
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HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT #6
DUE TUESDAY MAY 8, 2007

Read Chapter 34 of Ashcroft & Mermin and chapter 27 of Marder

1. Ashcroft and Mermin, Problem 34.1.
2. Electrodynamics of dirty superconductors:
 Consider the two fluid model of a superconductor in which we assume that for $0 \leq T \leq T_c$ the current density may be written as the sum of two contributions $j = j_n + j_s$, where j_n comes from thermally excited quasiparticles and the conductivity is of the Drude form σ_D with carrier density n_n and relaxation time τ and j_s derives from the London equation with a carrier density $n_s = n - n_n$.
 - a. Show from Maxwell's equations that the dispersion relation for electromagnetic waves in the superconductor of wavevector q and frequency ω is

$$q^2 c^2 = 4\pi\sigma_D i - c^2 \lambda^{-2} + \omega^2$$
 and compare the penetration depth with the London penetration depth, λ_L .
 - b. Show that for $\omega\tau \ll 1$ and $\omega \ll \omega_p$ (the plasma frequency) that the normal electrons do not participate significantly in the dispersion relation and find the penetration depth of the wave to lowest order.
 - c. Examine the case of $\omega\tau \gg 1$ and $\omega \ll \omega_p$.
 - d. Consider the magnetic penetration depth for superconductors as a function of the mean free path of the electrons by using the conductivity sum rule. That is, assume that in the normal state the conductivity is the Drude form σ_D . Model the conductivity in the superconducting state by $\sigma_1 = \Theta(\omega - 2\Delta)\sigma_D$, where Θ is the step function (this is not equivalent to the two fluid model). Find the penetration length in the limits $\omega\tau \ll 1$ and $\omega\tau \gg 1$. Express your answers in terms of λ_L and the coherence length ξ .
3. Estimate the parameter $g(E_F)/V_0$ for simple metals in the "jellium" approximation. From this and the phonon parameters estimate the energy gap and T_c for Pb.
4. From BCS theory: calculate the free energy difference between the superconducting and normal states at $T = 0$. From the Cooper pair problem, calculate the radius of the Cooper pair and compare with the BCS coherence length.
5. Find the following for the quasiparticle excitations of BCS superconductors:
 - a. Show that the quasi particle operators $\alpha_{k\uparrow} = u_k a_{k\uparrow} + v_k a_{-k\downarrow}^+$, $\alpha_{k\downarrow} = u_k a_{k\downarrow} - v_k a_{-k\uparrow}^+$ obey Fermion anticommutation relations.

- b. Prove that BCS ground state is the α vacuum.
- c. Find the density of states. Compare with the normal state.
- d. Find the velocity as a function of momentum k . Compare with the normal state.
- e. Find the quasiparticle effective mass, $m^* = \hbar^2 k_f \partial k / \partial E_k$, as a function of momentum k .

Compare with the normal state.

- f. Find the electrical current of a quasi particle as a function of its momentum k .