

PHYS 401 - QUANTUM PHYSICS - FINAL SOLUTION

PROBLEM I

$$1) \begin{pmatrix} \langle a | \hat{H} | a \rangle & \langle a | \hat{H} | b \rangle \\ \langle b | \hat{H} | a \rangle & \langle b | \hat{H} | b \rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} E_0 & T \\ T & E_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \hat{H} | A \rangle &= \left[E_0 (|a\rangle \langle a| + |b\rangle \langle b|) + T (|a\rangle \langle b| + |b\rangle \langle a|) \right] \left[\frac{|a\rangle + |b\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right] \\ &= \left[E_0 |a\rangle + E_0 |b\rangle + T |a\rangle + T |b\rangle \right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ &= (E_0 + T) \frac{|a\rangle + |b\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \\ &= (E_0 + T) |A\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H} | B \rangle &= \left[E_0 (|a\rangle \langle a| + |b\rangle \langle b|) + T (|a\rangle \langle b| + |b\rangle \langle a|) \right] \left[\frac{|a\rangle - |b\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right] \\ &= \left[E_0 |a\rangle - E_0 |b\rangle + T |b\rangle - T |a\rangle \right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ &= (E_0 - T) \frac{|a\rangle - |b\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \\ &= (E_0 - T) |B\rangle \end{aligned}$$

3) From the calculation in 2) the eigenvalues are $E_0 + T$ and $E_0 - T$.
Alternatively we can find the eigenvalues of the matrix H :

$$0 = \det \begin{pmatrix} E_0 - E & T \\ T & E_0 - E \end{pmatrix} = (E_0 - E)^2 - T^2 \Rightarrow E = E_0 \pm T$$

4) The eigenstates $|A\rangle$ and $|B\rangle$ evolve in time as $e^{-i(E_0+T)t/\hbar} |A\rangle$ and $e^{-i(E_0-T)t/\hbar} |B\rangle$. So $|\psi(t=0)\rangle = |a\rangle = \frac{|A\rangle + |B\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$ will evolve as

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi(t)\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-i(E_0+T)t/\hbar} |A\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-i(E_0-T)t/\hbar} |B\rangle \\ &= \frac{e^{-i(E_0+T)t/\hbar}}{\sqrt{2}} + e^{-i(E_0-T)t/\hbar} |a\rangle + \frac{e^{-i(E_0+T)t/\hbar} - e^{-i(E_0-T)t/\hbar}}{\sqrt{2}} |b\rangle \end{aligned}$$