

Physics 401 - Homework #1

1) (4 points total) Convert the following complex numbers into the $z = x + iy$ and $z = Ae^{i\theta}$ forms. State explicitly the values for x, y, A, and θ for each.

- a) i^i
- b) $\frac{1}{1-i}$

2) (4 points total) Prove the following identities for complex numbers:

- a) $\text{Re}(z) = (z + z^*)/2$
- b) $\text{Im}(z) = (z - z^*)/2i$
- c) $\cos(\theta) = [\exp(i\theta) + \exp(-i\theta)]/2$
- d) $\sin(\theta) = [\exp(i\theta) - \exp(-i\theta)]/2i$

3) (3 points total)

- a) Write down the phase of the following wavefunction:

$$\Psi(x, t) = Ae^{i(kx - \omega t)}$$

- b) Show that the phase is shifted by $\pi/2$ when the function is multiplied by i
- c) Show that the phase is shifted by π when multiplied by -1 .

4) (3 pts) Complex numbers are useful for quickly deriving trigonometric identities. Prove the laws of addition of sines and cosines

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\theta + \varphi) &= \sin \theta \cos \varphi + \cos \theta \sin \varphi \\ \cos(\theta + \varphi) &= \cos \theta \cos \varphi - \sin \theta \sin \varphi\end{aligned}$$

using Euler's formula ($\exp(i\theta) = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$) and exponential notation. Hint: work out $\exp(i(\theta + \varphi))$, and then take the real and imaginary parts.

5) **Classical harmonic oscillator.** (5 points total) A particle of mass (m) is attached to a spring. The spring exerts a force on the mass proportional to the displacement from equilibrium, and the force acts opposite to the displacement (it is a restoring force). Therefore the force is described by $F = -kx$, where (k) is the spring constant, and (x) is the displacement measured from the equilibrium position.

a) Write down Newton's second law of motion for this system as a differential equation. The equation should be satisfied by a function $x(t)$ which describes the particle's position as a function of time..

- b) Find a general solution to the equation.
 - c) What is the angular frequency of the oscillator in terms of (k) and (m)?
 - d) How many initial conditions are necessary to specify a particular solution?
 - e) Choose a set of initial conditions and find the corresponding particular solution.
- Please don't choose the trivial solution: $x(t) = 0!$