

3. Key idea is that the string will resonate at only certain frequencies  
 a) determined by wave speed  $v$  on the string and the length  $L$  of the string. These resonant frequencies are  $f = n \frac{v}{2L}$   $n=1, 2, 3, \dots$

To set up the fourth harmonic ( $n=4$ ), we need to adjust the right side of this equation.  $L$  is fixed, only to adjust  $v$ .

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}} = \sqrt{\frac{mg}{\mu}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore f &= 4 \sqrt{\frac{mg}{\mu}} / 2L \Rightarrow m = 4L^2 f^2 \mu / 2g \\ &= \frac{4 \cdot (1.2\text{m})^2 (120\text{Hz})^2 (0.0016\text{kg/m})}{4^2 (9.8\text{m/s}^2)} \\ &= 0.85\text{kg} \end{aligned}$$

b) ~~we insert~~ key idea:  $n$  must be an integer.

$\therefore$  with  $m=1.00\text{kg}$ , ~~we~~ inserting into  $f = n \frac{v}{2L} = \frac{n}{2L} \sqrt{\frac{mg}{\mu}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore n &= 2fL \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{mg}} \\ &= 2 \cdot (120\text{Hz}) \cdot (1.2\text{m}) \sqrt{\frac{0.0016\text{kg/m}}{1.00\text{kg} \cdot 9.8\text{m/s}^2}} \\ &= 3.7 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  the string will be small, perhaps even imperceptible.