Describe in words how you have to walk to make the sonic ranger produce the following velocity graph. What would the position graph look like?


## The average velocity for the time interval $0-10$ is:

A. Positive
B. Negative

C. Zero
D. You can't tell from the information given. .

## The total displacement for the time interval $0-10$ is:

A. Positive
B. Negative

C. Zero
D. You can't tell from the information given. .

## Example

- A ball rolling on a level track travels at almost a constant velocity. Assuming it takes a negligible time to get up to speed, what does the graph of its position look like as a function of time?


## Please make your selection...


(2)

(3)



(6)

(7) other

## Example

- A ball rolling on a level track travels at almost a constant velocity. Assuming it takes a negligible time to get up to speed, what does the graph of its velocity look like as a function of time?


## Please make your selection...



(3)



(6)

(7) other

## Example

- A ball rolls is rolling at a constant speed along a horizontal track as shown. It comes to a hill and has enough speed to get over it. By thinking about its location as it goes, sketch a graph of the position of the ball as a function of time.



## Please make your selection...



(3)



(6)

(7) other

## Example

- A ball rolls is rolling at a constant speed along a horizontal track as shown. It comes to a hill and has enough speed to get over it. By thinking about its speed as it goes, sketch a graph of the velocity of the ball as a function of time.



## Example:

## Calculating with velocity

- I need to drive from A to C via B . The distance from A to B is 25 miles, from $B$ to $C$ is 75 miles. I have 2 hours to get from $A$ to $C$, so I figure I can make it if I average $50 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ for the entire trip.
- Going from A to B the traffic is heavy and I can only average $25 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$. How fast to I have to go from B to C in order to average $50 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ for the whole trip?

1. $58 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$
2. $60 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$
3. $75 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$
4. $100 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$
5. Something else
6. You can't get it from the information given.

## Example: Calculating with velocity <br> 

- I need to drive from A to C via B at total distance of $\Delta L$. The distance from A to B is $\Delta L_{1}$, from B to C is $\Delta L_{2}$. I have time $\Delta t$ to get from $A$ to $C$, so I figure I can make it if I average $\langle v\rangle=\Delta L / \Delta t$ for the entire trip.
- Going from A to B the traffic is heavy and I can only average a speed $v_{1}$. How fast do I have to go from B to C in order to average $<v>$ for the whole trip?

