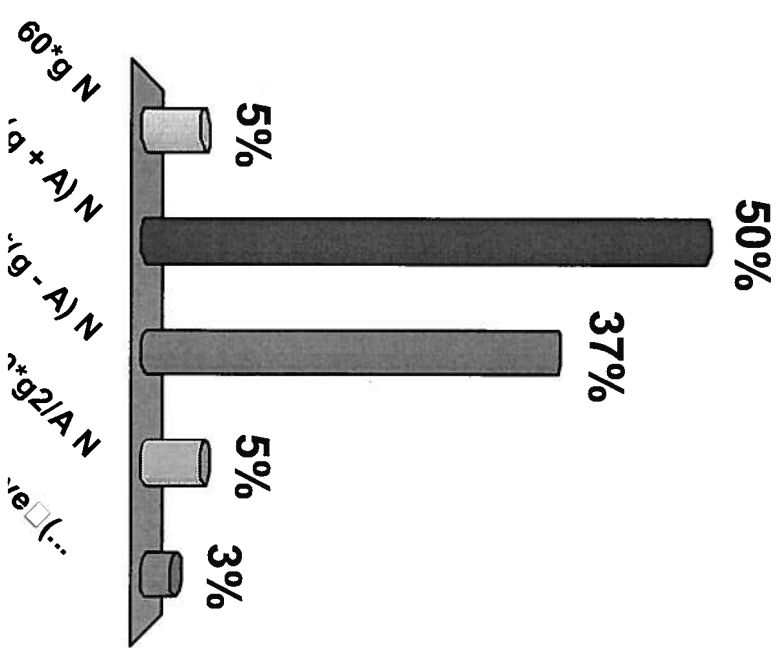


A 60 kg man stands on a scale in an elevator which is accelerating at rate,  $A$  (upward when  $A$  is positive). His weight by the scale is:

- a)  $60 * g$  N
  - ✓ b)  $60 * (g + A)$  N
  - c)  $60 * (g - A)$  N
  - d)  $60 * g^2 / A$  N
  - e) None of the above
- (Note:  $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ )



The correct answer is (b):

$$W = 60(g+A)$$

- By NII,  $F_{NET} = MA = F_{Scale} + F_{Grav}$   
and  $F_{Grav} = -Mg$
- Therefore,  $F_{Scale} = MA + Mg$   
 $= 60(A+g)$

And (b) is the correct answer.

- We can also get the same result by working in the accelerated frame and adding the pseudo-force,  $F_{pseudo} = -MA$  to the physical gravitational force; as follows on the next slide.

The correct answer is (b):

$$W = 60(g+A)$$

- In an inertial frame,  $a = A$ , and Nil is:  
 $F_{\text{physical}} = F_G + F_S = MA = -Mg + W$ ;
- Then  $W = M(g+A) = 60(g+A)$ , answer (b), as on the preceding slide.
- In Accelerating frame,  $a_A = 0$ , but need to add  $F_{\text{pseudo.}} = -MA$  to  $F_{\text{physical}}$ . Then  $-MA + W - Mg = Ma_A = 0$ , (since the man is at rest in Acc-frame)
- Thus, again,  $W = M(g+A)$ ; answer (b) is correct
- (Note one must always get the same physical result whichever way one does any correct calculation.)